## Claims

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- 1. A seed treatment formulation comprising
- 5 (a) at least one pesticidal agent; and
  - (b) a carboxyl group containing polymer or copolymer selected from the group consisting of styrene butadiene rubber latex polymers with a glass transition temperature of ~40°C to 5°C, acrylate copolymers and ethylene vinyl acetate copolymers, wherein
    - (i) the acrylate copolymers consist of
      - (a') acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or itaconic acid or a combination of at least two monomers selected from the group consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or itaconic acid; and
      - (b') monomers selected from the group consisting of alkyl (meth)acrylates such as methyl (meth)acrylate, ethyl (meth)acrylate, n-propyl (meth)acrylate, n-butyl meth)acrylate, t-butyl (meth)acrylate, lauryl (meth)acrylate, cyclohexyl (meth)acrylate 2-ethylhexyl (meth)acrylate, stearyl (meth)acrylate, dodecyl(meth)acrylate and (meth)acrylamides such as dimethyl(meth)acrylamide, dlethyl(meth)acrylamide, iso-propyl(meth)acrylamide, (meth)acryloyl morpholine, dimethylaminomethyl(meth)acrylamide, dimethylamino-ethyl(meth)acrylamide, dimethylaminopropyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylamino-ethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylaminopropyl(meth)acrylamide; and
      - (c') monomers selected from the group consisting of 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate,
         2-hydroxypropyl methacrylate, glycidyl (meth)acrylate; and
      - (d') monomers selected from the group consisting of styrene and styrene derivatives such as styrene, α-methyl styrene, ο-methyl styrene, m-methyl styrene p-methyl styrene, p-t-butyl styrene, p-chloromethyl styrene, p-styrenesulfonic acid and its sodium or potassium salt, o-methoxystyrene, m-methoxystyrene, p-methoxystyrene;

and have either a glass transition temperature of -40°C to 5°C; or, if the acrylate copolymers have a core/shell structure a glass transition temperature of the inner core of -60°C to 5°C and of the outer shell of 20°C to 150°C; and

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- (ii) the ethylene vinyl acetate polymers consist of vinyl acetate, ethylene and acrylic acid and have a glass transition temperature of –25°C to -5°C.
- A seed treatment formulation according to claim 1, wherein the carboxyl group containing polymer or copolymer is an acrylate copolymer as defined in claim 1.
  - 3. A seed treatment formulation according to claim 1, wherein the copolymer is an ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer as defined in claim 1.

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- A seed treatment formulation according to claim 1 or 2, wherein the copolymer is an acrylate copolymer having a core shell structure.
- 5. A seed treatment formulation according to any of claims 1 to 4, wherein the amount of the carboxylgroup containing polymer is between 0.5 and 15 % (w/w) on a solid content base.
- 6. Use of a carboxyl group containing polymer or copolymer selected from the group consisting of styrene butadiene rubber latex polymers with a glass transition temperature of -40°C to 5°C, acrylate copolymers and ethylene vinyl acetate copolymers, wherein
  - (i) the acrylate copolymers consist of

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(a') acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or itaconic acid or a combination of at least two monomers selected from the group consisting of acrylic acid, methacrylic acid or itaconic acid; and

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(b') monomers selected from the group consisting of alkyl (meth)acrylates such as methyl (meth)acrylate, ethyl (meth)acrylate, n-propyl (meth)acrylate, n-butyl meth)acrylate, t-butyl (meth)acrylate, lauryl (meth)acrylate, cyclohexyl (meth)acrylate 2-ethylhexyl (meth)acrylate, stearyl (meth)acrylate, dodecyl(meth)acrylate and (meth)acrylamides such as dimethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethyl(meth)acrylamide, isopropyl(meth)acrylamide,(meth)acrylamide, dimethylaminomethyl(meth)acrylamide, dimethylaminoethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylaminoethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylaminoethyl

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nomethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylaminoethyl(meth)acrylamide, diethylaminopropyl(meth)acrylamide; and

- (c') monomers selected from the group consisting of 2-hydroxyethyl acrylate, 2-hydroxypropyl acrylate, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate, 2hydroxypropyl methacrylate, glycidyl (meth)acrylate; and
- (d') monomers selected from the group consisting of styrene and styrene derivatives such as styrene, α-methyl styrene, o-methyl styrene, mmethyl styrene p-methyl styrene, p-t-butyl styrene, p-chloromethyl styrene, p-styrenesulfonic acid and its sodium or potassium salt, omethoxystyrene, m-methoxystyrene, p-methoxystyrene;
- and have either a glass transition temperature of –40°C to 5°C; or, if the
  acrylate copolymers have a core/shell structure a glass transition temperature of the inner core of –60°C to 5°C and of the outer shell of 20°C to
  150°C; and
- (ii) the ethylene vinyl acetate polymers consist of vinyl acetate, ethylene and acrylic acid and have a glass transition temperature of -25°C to -5°C

for the preparation of a seed treatment formulation.

- 7. Seeds treated with a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5.
- 8. Rice seeds treated with a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5.
- A method for the treatment of a seeds prior sowing comprising the following steps:
  - a) < applying to a solvent a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5; and
  - b) applying to a seed the mixture obtained in step a).
- 35 10. A method according to claim 9 for the treatment of a seeds prior sowing, wherein the seeds are rice seeds.
  - 11. Use of a formulation according to any of claims 1 or 5 in a seed priming process.
- 40 12. A method for the treatment of a seeds prior sowing in a seed priming process comprising the following steps:

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- hydration of seeds under controlled conditions followed by germination of seeds under controlled conditions;
- (ii) treatment of seeds with a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5;

wherein

- (a) the hydration can be done in first and the treatment of seeds with a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5 in a second step or,
- (b) the treatment of seeds with a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5 can be done first followed by the hydration of seeds.
- 13. A method for the control of undesired vegetation and/or combating phytopatho genic insects and/or phytopathogenic fungi comprising applying a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5 to seeds prior sowing.
- 14. A method for the control of undesired vegetation and/or combating phytopathogenic insects and/or phytopathogenic fungi comprising applying a formulation according to any of claims 1 to 5 to rice seeds prior sowing.